



I. Textbook

A. Answer the following questions:

- 1-Define: magnet - Air.
- 2-What are magnetic substances? Give examples.
- 3- What are the properties of air?
- 4) How do you reply to an e-mail that you have received?
- 5) What may you have to do with your computer programs if your computer crashes?
- 6) Write true or false:
 1. Air exerts an upward pressure. ()
 2. layer of air is called an atmosphere. ()
 3. Manganese is a non-magnetic substance. ()
 4. We can feel the weight of the atmosphere. ()
 5. Alloys containing aluminium are magnetic. ()
 6. Air only exerts pressure upwards and sideways. ()
 7. The central part of a bar magnet has no magnetic force. ()
 8. Alloys which contain a magnetic substance are always magnetic. ()
- 7) Write how "ed" is pronounced in theses verbs:{ /t/ - /d/ - /Id/ }
Pass – Decide – Want – Watch – Play – Compose – Cough - Mould – Start – Smooth – Enjoy – Thank.
- 8) Write how "es " is pronounced in these nouns and verbs:{ /S/ - /Z/ - /Iz/ }
Computers – Banks – Starts – Washes – Pages – Plays – lives – looks – Laughs – Mixes –Catches -Enjoys.
- 9) Give the meaning of the underlined words
 - a) We're having a project meeting at 3 pm. to allocate responsibilities.
 - b) It will take two weeks to demolish the old building.
- 10) Give the opposite meaning to the underlined words:
 - a) Hurry up - it's beginning to snow and there's ice on the road.
 - b) The first phase of the project was finished three days ahead of schedule.
 - c) We've taken on a civil engineer on a nine-month temporary contract.

II. Grammar

A. Do as shown in brackets:

- 1-We don't see you very often because you live so far away. (Use: if)
- 2- The oil deposits are not very extensive but they are still worth exploring. (Use: although)
- 3- I got the information. I asked for it. (Use a relative clause with a preposition)
- 4- I don't know many people and I'm lonely. (Begin with: I wish)
- 5- You want to leave work early. What do you ask your boss? (Ask using: mind)
- 6- I'm a bit concerned about the main lorry entrance. (Use: concerns)
- 7- If everything goes according to plan. (Use: planned)
- 8) You ask a friend to imagine this situation. (Imagine - You lose your passport)
- 9) It'll be down for about thirty minutes. (Ask a question)
- 10) It'll take three weeks, if everything(go) according to plan. (Correct)
- 11) Air is invisible and therefore it cannot be seen. (Use: since)
- 12) Air exerts an upward pressure. (Use: upwards)
- 13) Has your computer got a broadband (Complete)
- 14) You want to leave work early. What do you ask your boss? (Ask a question using: mind)
- 15) The new parts cost more than we thought. I'm afraid the project is now budget. (Complete using a preposition)

B. Choose the correct answers:

1-I'm happy to report we are.....schedule.

- a) at b) in c) on

2-If we.....Bill to the party, we would have to invite his friends too.

- a)invite b) had invited c) invited

3-In the darkness of the cinema he.....out and took her hand.

- a)reached b) popped c) slowed

4-How can I a CD on this computer?

- a)burn b) enter c) select

5-A girl fell into the river, but fortunately we.....rescue her.

- a)could b) couldn't c) managed to

6-It's a good idea to keep a copy of all important documents.

- a)hard b) fast c) strong

7-The children helped me to the parcel.

- a) tear up b) wrap up c) blow up

C. Complete:

1-When two processes are operating at the same time, we say they're running in.....

2-A: Did everybody escape from the fire?

B: Yes, although the fire spread quickly, everybody.....

3-Their heavy rucksacks.....the climbers up.

III—Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the following questions:

The average computer user has between 5 and 15 username/password combinations to log in to email accounts, news and entertainment sites, online stores, online banking accounts, or other websites. For people who use email or other internet applications, the number of required username/password combinations may surpass 30. When you add to this list the codes needed to access things like ATMs, home alarm systems, padlocks, or voicemail, the number of passwords becomes staggering. The feeling of frustration that results from maintaining a memorized list of login credentials has grown so prevalent that it actually has a name: password fatigue. Because it is virtually impossible to remember a unique password for each of these accounts, many people leave handwritten lists of usernames and passwords on or next to their computers. Others solve this problem by using the same password for every account or using extremely simple passwords. While these practices make it easier to remember login information, they also make it exponentially easier for thieves to hack into accounts. Single sign-on authentication and password management software can help mitigate this problem, but there are drawbacks to both approaches.

A- Answer the following questions

1- Is a dozen of usernames and passwords necessary for obtaining access to a computer system?

2- Why is it dangerous to remember many passwords?

B- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, d or e:

3-The best synonym for the bold mitigate is.....?

- a) predict b) postpone c) investigate d) lessen e) complicate

4-The passage discusses all of the following solutions to password fatigue except:

- a) writing the passwords down on a piece of paper b) voice-recognition software
c) uni-passing d) using very simple passwords e) intelligent encryption

5- The underlined "surpass" here means

- a) exceed b) extend c) reach d) detract from e) lessen

IV—Paragraph Writing

Write a paragraph on ONE of the following topics:

1. Prosperities of Air.

2. Magnets.

3. Computers.

II- Choose the correct answers:

1-c) on.

2-c) invited.

3-a) reached.

4-a) burn.

5-c) managed to.

6-a) hard.

7-c) Wrap up.

III- Complete:

1-tandem.

2-was able to escape.

3-slowed.

III-Reading Comprehension

1- No, between 5 and 15.

2- Because it is virtually impossible to remember a unique password for each of these accounts.

3-d) lessen

4- e) intelligent encryption

5- a) exceed

IV—Paragraph Writing

It is left to the evaluation of the examiner.